

BCS Practitioner Certificate in Modelling Business Processes + Exam

Cursusduur: 2 Dagen Cursuscode: BCS-MBP

Beschrijving:

Deze 2-daagse BCS Practitioner Certificate in Modelling Business Processes training behandelt het scala aan concepten, benaderingen en technieken die van toepassing zijn op het Practitioner Certificate in Modelling Business Processes. Het is relevant voor iedereen die inzicht nodig heeft in het modelleren van bedrijfsprocessen en richt zich op het onderzoeken, modelleren, analyseren en verbeteren van bedrijfsprocessen.

This 2-day BCS Practitioner Certificate in Modelling Business Processes training covers the range of concepts, approaches and techniques that are applicable to the Practitioner Certificate in Modelling Business Processes. It is relevant to anyone requiring an understanding of Modelling Business Processes and focuses on the investigation, modelling, analysis and improvement of business processes.

Doelgroep:

This Practitioner Certificate is designed for people who want to understand a range of business process modelling and analysis techniques, know how they are used and identify when to use them Suitable for business analysts, business managers and members of their team, business change managers and project managers

Doelstelling:

- You'll study how to investigate, model, analyse and improve business processes. The certificate includes:
- The context for business processing modelling
- The organisational model for processes

- How to model business processes
- How to document tasks
- Evaluating and improving business processes

Vereiste kennis en vaardigheden:

There are no requirements, but candidates should have some practical experience of business analysis.

Examens en certificering

- Type: Multiple choice
- Duration: 60 minutes
- Supervised: Yes
- Open Book: No
- Pass Mark: 25/40
- Calculators: Calculators cannot be used during this examination

Cursusinhoud:

1. The Context for Business Processing Modelling 15%	3.1 Understand the construction of a business process model for a given business	4.1.3 The trigger or business event that initiates the task.
1. Candidates will be able to:	scenario, using the following elements:	4.1.4 Any inputs to the task.
1.1 Demonstrate an understanding of the purpose and benefits of business process	3.1.1 Actors.	4.1.5 The outputs expected from the task.
modelling.	3.1.2 Swim lanes.	4.1.6 The costs associated with the task.
1.2 Identify the three levels of the business process hierarchy; organisation, process and	3.1.3 Tasks.	4.1.7 The measures that are applicable to the task.
task level.	3.1.4 Decision points with guard conditions.	4.1.8 The standards that constrain the task.
	3.1.5 Start and end points.	4.1.9 A detailed breakdown of the steps within
1.3 Explain the importance of the process view versus the functional view of an	3.1.6 Process flows.	the task.
organisation.	3.1.7 Forks and joins.	4.1.10 The business rules that are to be followed in performing the task.
1.4 Describe the use of the POPIT model in assessing the impact of a new process	3.2 Explain why using a standard notation set is important.	4.2 Demonstrate an ability to document the steps and business rules within a task, using
design.	3.3 Apply knowledge to distinguish between the terms process, task and step; describe	UML activity diagram notation, or structured English.
1.5 Discuss the use of pilot, phased, direct changeover and parallel running to implement	how they relate to each other.	5. Improving Business Processes 20%
business change.	3.4 Demonstrate that a task typically involves one person (actor) at one place at one time	Candidates will be able to:
2. The Organisational Context for Business Processes 20%	(OPOPOT), and that it is represented as a single 'box' on a process model.	5.1 Apply the following approaches to improving business processes: task automation;
Candidates will be able to:	3.5 Based on a given business scenario, identify external, internal and time-based	removal of gaps and disconnects; process re-engineering.
2.1 Understand the construction of an organisational level model of business process		re-engineering.
for	business events.	5.2 Show understanding of the need to challenge business rules and assumptions when
a given business scenario.	3.6 Explain the difference between internal performance measures and customer	
2.2 Understand how to construct an organisational model for a given scenario (Paul	expectations of performance.	improving business processes.
et al,		5.3 Identify the areas of a business process that may contribute to unsatisfactory
Business Analysis, 3rd Edition).	4. Documenting Tasks 15%	

		performance from a given scenario.
	Candidates will be able to:	
2.3 Apply knowledge to distinguish between the		
external and internal elements of an		5.4 Explain the use of business scenarios in
	4.1 Understand how to construct a task	identifying combinations of conditions that
	description for a given business scenario,	
organisational model.	which	the improved business process will need to
		the improved business process will need to handle.
2.4 Explain how the processes on the	includes the following elements:	
organisational model support the delivery of the	includes the following cichicitis.	
g		5.5 Conduct a gap analysis on a given 'to be'
	4.1.1 The name of the task.	business process model, in order to identify
value proposition.		
	4.1.2 The actor (or role) carrying out the task.	the functional requirements for the IT system
3. Modelling the Business Processes 30%		support for that business process.
Candidates will be able to:		

Nadere informatie:

Neem voor nadere informatie of boekingen contact op met onze Customer Service Desk 030 - 60 89 444

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